

Plant Finder



Northern Exposure Hosta Hosta 'Northern Exposure'

Plant Height: 3 feet Flower Height: 4 feet

Spread: 4 feet
Spacing: 4 feet
Sunlight: •

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

A wonderful slug resistant and easy to grow variety producing large mounds of lightly textured, blue-green foliage with creamy white edges; white flowers appear on tall scapes in the midsummer; great for adding color and texture to beds and borders

Ornamental Features

Northern Exposure Hosta features dainty spikes of white bell-shaped flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive enormous textured heart-shaped leaves remain bluish-green in colour with distinctive creamy white edges throughout the season.



Northern Exposure Hosta
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Northern Exposure Hosta foliage Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Landscape Attributes

Northern Exposure Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its wonderfully bold, coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced garden composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Northern Exposure Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;



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- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

Northern Exposure Hosta will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity extending to 4 feet tall with the flowers, with a spread of 4 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 4 feet apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.